SAFETY DATA SHEET

Date of issue/Date of revision : 27 March 2025 Version : 1.05



SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : PINJA WOOD STAIN

Product code : SDS-314-s

Other means of identification

SKU-314008W0095; SKU-31460000095T; SKU-31460000130T; SKU-31460000170T; SKU-31469090095; SKU-31469090130; SKU-31469090170; SKU-710003750; SKU-710003750T; SKU-710026533

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Industrial applications, Used by spraying.

Use of the substance/

mixture

: Wood stain

Uses advised against: Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Tikkurila Oyj P.O. Box 53 FI-01301 VANTAA FINLAND

Tel. +358 20 191 2000

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS

: Product.Stewardship.EMEA@ppg.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Supplier

Tikkurila Oyj

+358 20 191 2000 (GMT +2) Mon-Fri 8-16

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition: Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Signal word : No signal word.

Hazard statements: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

English (GB) Europe 1/15

PINJA WOOD STAIN

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

: Avoid release to the environment. **Prevention**

Response : Not applicable. : Not applicable. Storage

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and **Disposal**

international regulations.

P273, P501

Supplemental label

elements

: Contains 3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate, 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one and reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1).

May produce an allergic reaction.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

: Not applicable.

: Not applicable.

Special packaging requirements

Containers to be fitted

fastenings

with child-resistant

Tactile warning of danger : Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

: This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a

2/15

vPvB.

Other hazards which do

: None known.

not result in classification

English (GB)

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	% by weight	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Туре
3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate	EC: 259-627-5 CAS: 55406-53-6 Index: 616-212-00-7	<1.0	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 3, H331 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT RE 1, H372 (larynx) Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	ATE [Oral] = 1470 mg/ kg ATE [Inhalation (dusts and mists)] = 0.67 mg/l M [Acute] = 10 M [Chronic] = 1	[1]
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)- one	EC: 220-120-9 CAS: 2634-33-5 Index: 613-088-00-6	<0.036	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 2, H330 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	ATE [Oral] = 450 mg/ kg ATE [Inhalation (dusts and mists)] = 0.21 mg/l Skin Sens. 1, H317: C ≥ 0.036% M [Acute] = 1	[1]

Europe

PINJA WOOD STAIN

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

		M [Chronic] = 1	
reaction mass of 5-chloro- 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol- 3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1) REACH #: 01-2120764691-48 EC: 911-418-6 CAS: 55965-84-9 Index: 613-167-00-5	Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 2, H310 Acute Tox. 2, H330 Skin Corr. 1C, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 EUH071 See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	ATE [Oral] = 53 mg/kg ATE [Dermal] = 50 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 0.5 mg/l Skin Corr. 1C, H314: C ≥ 0.6% Skin Irrit. 2, H315: 0.06% ≤ C < 0.6% Eye Dam. 1, H318: C ≥ 0.6% Eye Irrit. 2, H319: 0.06% ≤ C < 0.6% Skin Sens. 1, H317: C ≥ 0.0015% M [Acute] = 100 M [Chronic] = 100	[1]

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Type

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact: Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids

apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.

Inhalation : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is

irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained

personnel.

Skin contact: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water

or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

Ingestion: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep

person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Protection of first-aiders: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact
 Inhalation
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Skin contact
 Ingestion
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.

English (GB) Europe 3/15

PINJA WOOD STAIN

SECTION 4: First aid measures

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : No specific data. : No specific data. Inhalation : No specific data. **Skin contact** : No specific data. Ingestion

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: None known.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture : In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous combustion

products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special precautions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders:

If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For nonemergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

4/15 English (GB) **Europe**

PINJA WOOD STAIN

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.

6.4 Reference to other sections

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information.
See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.
See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

- : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
 - Materials such as cleaning rags, paper wipes and protective clothing, which are contaminated with the product may spontaneously self-ignite some hours later. To avoid the risks of fires, all contaminated materials should be stored in purpose-built containers or in metal containers with tight-fitting, self-closing lids. Contaminated materials should be removed from the workplace at the end of each working day and be stored outside.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

- : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
- 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
- : Store between the following temperatures: 5 to 25°C (41 to 77°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

See Section 1.2 for Identified uses.

English (GB) Europe 5/15

PINJA WOOD STAIN

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

No exposure limit value known.

Recommended monitoring procedures

Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name	Exposure		Value
3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation	Effects: Systemic	0.023 mg/m³
,	DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation	Effects: Systemic	0.07 mg/m ³
	DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation	Effects: Local	1.16 mg/m ³
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation	Effects: Local	1.16 mg/m ³
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal	Effects: Systemic	2 mg/kg bw/day
1,2-benzisothiazol-3 (2H)-one	DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal	Effects: Systemic	0.345 mg/kg bw/day
,	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal	Effects: Systemic	0.966 mg/kg bw/day
	DNEL - General population - Long term -	Effects: Systemic	1.2 mg/m³
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation	Effects: Systemic	6.81 mg/m ³
reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H- isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol- 3-one (3:1)	DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation	Effects: Local	0.02 mg/m³
,	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation	Effects: Local	0.02 mg/m ³
	DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation	Effects: Local	0.04 mg/m³
	DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation	Effects: Local	0.04 mg/m ³
	DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral	Effects: Systemic	0.09 mg/kg bw/day
	DNEL - General population - Short term - Oral	Effects: Systemic	0.11 mg/kg bw/day

PNECs

Not available.

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.

Individual protection measures

English (GB)	Europe	6/15
	Latope	0, 10

PINJA WOOD STAIN

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection
Skin protection
Hand protection

: Safety glasses with side shields. Use eye protection according to EN 166.

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.

Gloves

: nitrile rubber, butyl rubber, PVC, Viton®

Body protection

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection

Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Wear a respirator conforming to EN140. Filter type: organic vapour (Type A) and particulate filter P3

Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid.
Colour : Various

Odour : Characteristic.

Melting point/freezing point : Not determined.

Boiling point or initial boiling : >37.78°C

point and boiling range

Flammability : Not determined. There are no data available on the mixture itself.

English (GB) Europe 7/15

PINJA WOOD STAIN

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Lower and upper explosion

limit

: Not available.

Flash point Closed cup: Not applicable.

Auto-ignition temperature

Decomposition temperature

Not available.

: Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).

pН

Viscosity

: Dynamic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (room temperature): Not available.

Kinematic (40°C): >21 mm²/s

Solubility

Media	Result
cold water	Partially soluble

Partition coefficient n-octanol/

water (log Pow)

: Not applicable.

Vapour pressure

	Vapour Pressure at 20°C		Vapour pressure at 50°C			
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
water	17.5	2.3				

1.01 **Relative density**

Particle characteristics

Median particle size : Not applicable.

9.2 Other information

9.2.1 Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Explosive properties

: The product itself is not explosive, but the formation of an explosible mixture of vapour or dust with air is possible.

Oxidising properties

: Product does not present an oxidizing hazard.

No additional information.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability : The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid : When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.

Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

10.5 Incompatible materials : Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions:

oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

10.6 Hazardous

decomposition products

: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon oxides

8/15 English (GB) **Europe**

Code : SDS-314-s Date of issue/Date of revision : 27 March 2025

PINJA WOOD STAIN

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly.

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Dose / Exposure
3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50 Rat - Oral - LD50 <u>Toxic effects</u> : Behavioral - Ataxia Liver - Other changes Kidney, Ureter, and Bladder - Other changes	>2 g/kg 1470 mg/kg
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1)	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Dusts and mists Rat - Oral - LD50 Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Dusts and mists Rat - Oral - LD50 Toxic effects: Behavioral - Somnolence (general depressed activity) Behavioral - Ataxia Lung, Thorax, or Respiration - Respiratory depression	0.67 mg/l [4 hours] 450 mg/kg 0.21 mg/l [4 hours] 53 mg/kg

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Inhalation (dusts and mists)	95.22 mg/l

Conclusion/Summary

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result
3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate	Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant

Conclusion/Summary

Skin : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
 Eyes : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
 Respiratory : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	Guinea pig - skin OECD 406	Result: Sensitising

Conclusion/Summary

Skin : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.Respiratory : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Mutagenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

English (GB)	Europo	9/15
Eliglisti (GB)	Europe	3/10

Code : SDS-314-s Date of issue/Date of revision : 27 March 2025

PINJA WOOD STAIN

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	3.3	Route of exposure	Target organs
3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate	Category 1	-	larynx

Conclusion/Summary

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration hazard

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Information on likely

: Not available.

routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Skin contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Eye contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Inhalation: No specific data.Ingestion: No specific data.Skin contact: No specific data.Eye contact: No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

effects

Potential delayed effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

effects

Potential delayed effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Potential chronic health effects

General : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Reproductive toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Other information : Contains isothiazolinones. May cause allergic reaction.

11.2 Information on other hazards

11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as having endocrine disrupting properties according to the criteria set out in either Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 or Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

English (GB)	Europe	10/15
	Luiope	10/13

Code : SDS-314-s Date of issue/Date of revision : 27 March 2025

PINJA WOOD STAIN

SECTION 12: Ecological information

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

The mixture has been assessed following the summation method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for eco-toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose / Exposure
3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate	Acute - LC50	Fish - Trout	0.067 mg/l [96 hours]
	Chronic - NOEC	Fish - Trout	0.049 mg/l [96 hours]
	Acute - EC50 - Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna	0.186 mg/l [48 hours]
	Chronic - EC10	Algae - Green algae - Raphidocelis subcapitata - Exponential growth phase	0.025 mg/l [72 hours]
	Acute - EC50	Algae - Green algae - Raphidocelis subcapitata - Exponential growth phase	0.039 mg/l [72 hours]
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	Acute - EC50	Algae	0.11 mg/l [72 hours]
	Chronic - NOEC	Algae - Trout	0.0403 mg/l [72 hours]
	Acute - EC50	Daphnia	2.9 mg/l [48 hours]
	Acute - LC50	Fish	2.15 mg/l [96 hours]

Conclusion/Summary

: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose / Inoculum
3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate	-	25% [28 days] - Inherent	

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate	-	-	Inherent
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	-	-	Not readily

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	0.7	-	Low

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient

Product/ingredient name	logKoc	Кос
3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate	1.13	13.4558
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	1.86	73.142

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

English (GB)	Europe	11/15

Code : SDS-314-s Date of issue/Date of revision : 27 March 2025

PINJA WOOD STAIN

SECTION 12: Ecological information

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as having endocrine disrupting properties according to the criteria set out in either Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 or Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

Hazardous waste

European waste catalogue (EWC)

Waste code	Waste designation
08 01 11*	waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances

Packaging

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Type of packaging		European waste catalogue (EWC)
Container	15 01 06	mixed packaging

Special precautions

: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number or ID number	Not regulated.	9006	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
14.2 UN proper shipping name	-	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.	-	-
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	-	9	-	-

English (GB) Europe 12/15

PINJA WOOD STAIN

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.4 Packing group	-	-	-	-
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	Yes.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

Additional information

ADR/RID : None identified.

ADN : The product is only regulated as a dangerous good when transported in tank vessels.

IMDG : None identified. : None identified. **IATA**

user

14.6 Special precautions for : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Maritime transport in

bulk according to IMO

instruments

: Not applicable.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Product/ingredient name	Entry Number (REACH)
PINJA WOOD STAIN	3

Labelling : Not applicable. **Explosive precursors** : Not applicable. Ozone depleting substances (EU 2024/590)

Not listed.

VOC for Ready-for-Use

Mixture

: IIA/e. Interior/exterior trim varnishes and woodstains, including opaque woodstains. EU limit values: 130 g/l (2010.)

This product contains a maximum of 130 g/l VOC.

Seveso Directive

This product is not controlled under the Seveso Directive.

Biocidal products regulation : Contains a biocidal product; C(M)IT/MIT (3:1)

13/15 English (GB) **Europe**

Code : SDS-314-s Date of issue/Date of revision : 27 March 2025

PINJA WOOD STAIN

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.2 Chemical safety : No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

assessment

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms

ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]

DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement

PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration

RRN = REACH Registration Number

PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

IATA = International Air Transport Association

Full text of abbreviated H statements

H301	Toxic if swallowed.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H310	Fatal in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H330	Fatal if inhaled.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH071	Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Acute Tox. 2	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 2
Acute Tox. 3	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 3
Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
Aquatic Acute 1	SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 3	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3
Eye Dam. 1	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
Skin Corr. 1C	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1C
Skin Irrit. 2	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
Skin Sens. 1	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1
Skin Sens. 1A	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1A
STOT RE 1	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE -
	Category 1

History

Date of issue/ Date of : 27 March 2025

revision

Date of previous issue : 10 February 2025

Prepared by : EHS

English (GB) Europe 14/15

Code : SDS-314-s Date of issue/Date of revision : 27 March 2025

PINJA WOOD STAIN

SECTION 16: Other information

Version : 1.05

Disclaimer

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by us, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.

English (GB) Europe 15/15